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On the bottom of this page is your chassis serial number. Please refer to this number when calling for parts or technical assistance.

Our goal is to help you improve your racing program no matter what level you are now racing at. The following pages should assist you in that regard. You are also welcome to access our website @ www.bernheiselracecars.com or call our tech line at 717-865-6691 for further information.

Thank you and Good Luck. Jim Bernheisel-president

Customer:

Serial:

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## Front Suspension

- I. Front Suspension
  - A. Upper Control Arms– Bottom holes front, Top holes rear on chassis
    - 1. Small Screw-in Holder
    - 2. R.S.– 5" Tube Front 6" Tube Rear
    - 3. L.S. Legs– 6" Tube Front 7" Tube Rear
    - 4. Center of Heim to Center of Ball Joint (front), Center of Heim to Center of Clevis (rear) R.S. L.S

Front- 91/4" 105/8"

Rear- 97/8" 111/8"

- B. Lower control arms-67-69 Camaro-I.M.C.A. / Tubular-U.M.P.
  - 1. Left- on Right
  - 2. Right– on Left
  - w/screw-in Ball Joints & Offset Bushings
- C. Steering

78-88 GM Metric

- Steering Box
- Center Link—Drilled to 5/8" @ Tie Rod Connection
- Idler Arm
- D. Tie Rods
  - 1. L.S.-15" Rod @18 1/2" on Center
  - 2. R.S.-17" Rod @ 21" on Center
- E. Tie rod Spacers– 1/2" at Center Link
- F. Alignment
  - 1. Camber-right side-3 3/4 degrees / left side-2 1/2 degrees
  - 2. Caster– right side– 6 1/2 degrees / left side– 3 1/2 degrees
  - 3. Toe 1/4" out
  - 4. Bump Steer-Spacers R.S. 3 1/4" / L.S. 2"
- G. Spindles

1.Pinto

- 2. Reamed for Screw-in Ball Joints, Top Small / Bottom Large
- 3. Drill steering Arm to 5/8"
- H. Front Ride Height-Measure at Hexagon hole or lower control arm to 1/8" hole in chassis
  - 1. Right Ground to Bottom of Metric Main Frame 6 1/8"
  - 2. Left Ground to Main Frame 6"
- I. Misc.
  - 1. Use Extended Upper Ball Joint
  - 2. Front Edge of Body Bracket to Back Edge of Upper Shock Mount, (Rotate mount to get proper clearance)
    - R.S. 33" L.S. 32 3/4"
  - 3.Front Shock Mounts,

R.S. 1" Drop L.S. 2" Drop

## 4 Link Rear Suspension

II. 4 Link Rear Suspension

- A. Lift Bar Slider– Non-adjustable
- B. Lift Bar-Adjustable 24" 36"
  - 1. 5/8" Bolt in top (grade 8)
  - 2. 1/2" Bolt in bottom (grade 8)
  - 3. Spacer between rod end and plate-1/2"
  - 4. Mount on right side of steel rear end plates
  - 5. Use spacer for strength between plates
  - 6. 6" Stabilizer Rod
  - 7. Cut 3 1/4" off end of L.M. Torque Arm
  - 8. Urethane Decel Cage (Chain mounted in end hole)
  - 9. 5th coil-Center Hole
- C. Pull Bar
  - 1 34 1/8" center to center.
  - 2. Use Pull-bar to set Pinion Angle
  - 3. Use 9" Damper Shock-Front Hole on Rear, 2nd Hole from Top on Frame
  - 4.Mount– Frame 4th Hole from Top, Rear Top Hole
  - 5. AFCO 270001 Progressive spring 600-200#
- D. Rear End Adjustment (side to side)
  - 1. Left upper torque arm plate to left ride height tab-16" depends on LR bite and ride height
  - 2. Panhard bar (plate mounted towards rear of car, j-bar mounted on front side of plate)
    - a. R.S. of Rear Second hole on bottom
    - b. Frame 5th hole from top inside row
    - c. Center to center 21 5/8"
- E. Rear Ride Height- tab to top of birdcage body
  - 1. Over rail rear clip
    - a. Left 10 1/4"
    - b. Right 10 "
- F. Pinion Angle-7.5 degrees negative
- G. Birdcage– Assembly and Location
  - 1. Shock Brackets- R.R. on outside of plates, L.R. on inside of plates
    - a. L.S. Front- shock High for L.R. behind (Low for clamped)
    - b. L.S. Rear- shock low
    - c. R.S. Front- shock low
  - 2. Location-Inside edge of rotor to Center of shock brackets
    - a. L.R.– 8 "
    - b. R.R.– 9 "
- H. Brake Brackets- MUST BE DOUBLE PINNED TO AXLE TUBE:- install caliper on backside of tube

Continued on next page...

# 4 Link Rear Suspension-continued

### I. 4 Link Rods

- 1. L.S. rods on outside of birdcage with 3/4" spacer
- 2. R.S. rods on outside of birdcage with 3/4" spacer
- 3. Center all 4 link rods in brackets on frame
- 4. Upper rods
  - a. 14" tube
  - b. 17 1/2" on center
  - c. 5th hole from top
  - d. Long set of holes (towards front of car) on frame
  - e. back set of holes on birdcage
- 5. Lower rods
  - a. 12" tube
  - b. 15 1/2" on center
  - c. 5th hole from bottom
  - d. Short set of holes (towards rear of car)
- 6. R.R. Z-link
  - a. 14" Tube
  - b. 17 1/2" on center
  - c. Second hole from bottom
- J. Square Rear
  - 1. Set 4 link rods accurately or
  - 2. Drop a plumb bob from axle tube and measure to 2 x 2 outriggers
- K. Rear Shocks Angles
  - 1. Over rail rear clip (gap between frame rail to center of shock brkt.)
    - a. Left rear front 3 1/2"
    - b. Left rear behind 3 1/4"
    - c. Right rear 3"





## **GENERAL INFORMATION**

#### III. Set Up

- A. Fuel 25 Gallons
- B. Wheel offsets
  - 1. Front- 2"
    - 2. Rear- 3"
    - 3. Super slick- put 4" on right rear
  - 4. Super tacky- put 2" on right rear
- D. Percentages
  - 1. Left side– 52%
  - 2. Rear– 57%
  - Note: w/o driver w/ 25 gallons fuel

E. Bite

- 1. Tacky 60# Left rear
- 2. Average 80# Left rear
- 3. Slick 100# Left rear
- IV. Miscellaneous
  - A. Wheelbase-110 "
  - B. Brakes-Metric large piston calipers w/.810 rotors
  - C. Master cylinder
    - 1. Front-1" Slick track-7/8"
    - 2. Rear- 7/8" Slick track- 1"
  - D. Rear End
    - 1. 60" Track-center pinion Ford 9"
    - 2. 30 1/2" axles quick change
  - E. Drive shaft length
    - 1. Bert- 33 1/2"
    - 2. Brinn/Falcon- 30 1/2"
- V. Remember
  - A. All recommendations listed are general. Your situation may vary.
  - B. All adjustments are a compromise. Think through what you are doing.
  - C. Different race tracks require different combinations, due to Driver...
    - 1. Style
    - 2. Technique
    - 3. Experience

#### B.R.C. is interested in helping you all we can!

Simply pick up the phone and call our tech line at (717)-865-6691. All calls will be answered or returned. Or e-mail us at lazerchassis@comcast.net Use your computer for help. http://www.bernheiselracecars.com

## **Open Wheel Modified**

### PARTS LIST

### **Front Suspension**

Left upper control arm– 1801 Right upper control arm– 1802 Upper ball joint– 20034-1 Tubular Left lower control arm– 88010 Tubular Right lower control arm– 88020 Lower ball joint– 20036 Tie rod tube– R.S. 19017, L.S. 19015 LF Spindle– 30436L RF Spindle– 30436R Center Link– 30270 Idler Arm– 30261 Steering Box– 84090

### **4-Link Rear Suspension**

Left Birdcage– 8310L Right Birdcage– 8310R Bolt on shock mount– 35-3322 Lift bar– 29201 Lower radius rod tubes– 19012 Upper radius rod tubes– 19014 Lift bar link rod– 19006 Panhard bar– 307-4205 Pinion mount– 82169 Integral Panhard Mount– 82159 Pro Coil-over Eliminator– 20132P Pull Bar– 21205X



## **OPEN WHEEL MODIFIED Shock and Spring Packages**

I. L.R. Behind– Baseline A. RF– 74-6 w/ 600 B. LF– 75 w/ 600 C. RR– 94 w/ 225 D. LR– 97-2 (front) Coil-over Eliminator w/ 225 (behind)

II. L.R. Behind– Slick
A. RF– 73-7 w/ 550
B. LF– 75-3 w/ 600
C. RR– 93-5 w/ 225
D. LR– 9D12-3 w/ 200 (behind only no shock in front)

III. L.R. Clamped A. RF– 75 w/ 600 B. LF– 75-3 w/ 550 C. RR– 94 w/ 250 D. LR– 95 w/200

IV. 5th Coil-93 shock with 250 spring, center hole

V. Pull Bar Spring A. 600-2000 Progressive– Baseline B. 1200– Slick

VI. LR drop– limit by chain clamped to the center of the axle tube (use part #84175– kit includes chain, frame mount, and rear end mount. 15" from axle tube to ride height tab baseline

### **Please Remember:**

These are basic setups designed to give you a base line starting point. Your situation may require additional tuning.

### Tech Tips

### I. Four Link

- A. More angle upward angle on rods (toward chassis) increases loading on that wheel (up in front, down in back)
- B. Rod angle changes also affect roll steer (typically lowering the lower rods at the frame decreases roll steer
- C. Roll steer generally loosens the car through the center
- D. Lowering left upper rod on birdcage greatly increases drive off

### E. Specific rod angles

- 1. Drop right upper for slick track
- 2. Drop left upper for tacky track
- 3. Raise right lower for tacky track
- 4. Raise left lower for slick track

### II. Lift bar

- A. Longer and softer on the 5th coil brings weight transfer/bite in slower but lasts longer
- B. Shorter and stiffer on the 5th coil brings weight transfer/bite in faster but does not last long

### III. Panhard bar

- A. Shorter and more angle exaggerates wheel loading increasing side bite for a shorter time
- B. Longer and flatter smoothes out wheel loading and side bite

### IV. Ballast

- A. Higher ballast causes the car to move around more (side to side and front to rear) increasing amount of weight transfer
- B. Lower ballast settles car down by limiting weight transfer

### V. L.R. behind setup

- A. Amount of lift (roll-up) can be controlled by changing valving + length of L.R. shock front side
- B. Soft extension valving along with 1" or 2" shock end allows car to roll farther and faster (valving controls speed, extension controls distance)

### VI. Watts Link

- A. Many Lazer Chassis cars are equipped with a Watts Link bracket on the RR and/or LR
- B. Remove RR top 4 link bar and install a new one going towards the rear

### VII. Damper Shock

A. A 90-10 axle damper can be used to tighten and stabilize car on corner entry

B. Too much angle can hurt forward bite– in that instance a 2nd shock can be added

### VIII. Driving

- A. Momentum and slick tracks require more driver finesse and a smoother less radical setup
- B. Stop and go tracks and traction tracks can more easily handle a radical combination and a stomp and steer driver





# Chassis Adjustment Guide

Adjustment		Adjus tment		
Area	To Tighten In:	To Loosen In:	To Tighten Off:	To Loosen Off:
Front Springs	*Stiffen L.	*Soften L.	*Stiffen	*Soften
Front Shocks	*Stiffen L.	Stiffen R.	*Soften	Stiffen
Rear Springs	*Stiffen R.	Stiffen L. and/or Sof- ten R.	*Stiffen L. and/or Soften R.	*Soften L. and/or Stiffen R.
Rear Shocks	*Soften L.	*Stiffen L.	Soften L.	
Stagger	*Decrease	*Increase	*Decrease	*Increase
Track Alignment	Move rear Cl to L.	Move rear Cl to R.	*Move rear Cl to L.	*Move rear Cl to R.
Bite [L.R.]	Decrease	Increase	*Increase	*Decrease
L.S. Weight	*Decrease	*Increase		
Rear Weight	Increase	Decrease	*Increase	*Decrease
Torque Arm Length			*Lengthen	*Shorten
Torque Arm Rate			*Soften	
3rd Link Position	Raise on Chassis	Lower on Chassis	*Lower on Chassis	*Raise on Chassis
Panhard Position	*Lower all or raise on frame only	*Raise all or lower on frame		—
Rear Steer	Lead R.R.	Lead L.R.	*Lead R.R.	Lead L.R.
Spring Rod Pre- load	—	—	*Decrease	Increase
Damper Position	*Raise Front	*Lower Front		
Gear Ratio			*Decrease	Increase
Center of Gravity	Raise	Lower	Raise	Lower
Brake Bias	*Decrease Rear	*Increase Rear		
Brake Floater Rod Position	*Raise R.R. on frame or lower L.R.	*Raise L.R. on frame or lower R.R.	*recommended	adjustment areas

Points to Remember:

- Corner exit handling is greatly affected by corner entrance handling.
- It's better to add traction to correct a problem than to reduce traction
- Going too far on an adjustment can produce an

effect that is opposite of what is desired

- If adjustments produce no effects, check improper suspension geometry, suspension binding, chassis flex, and/or defective chassis components
- Adjust stagger to affect middle of corner handling
- Document all changes!